Animal Welfare regulations define a painful procedure as "any procedure that would reasonably be expected to cause more than slight or momentary pain or distress in a human being to which that procedure is applied, that is, pain in excess of that caused by injections or other minor procedures" (9 CFR § 1.1).

If multiple categories may apply, you should report each	n animal only once in the categ	ary consistent with the	greatest amount of	nain or distress they experience
In multiple categories may apply, you should report each	i anninai onny once in the categ	JIY CONSISCENT WITH THE	greatest annount of	pain of discless they experience

n multiple categories may apply, you should repo			
USDA Category	C	D	E
For more details on UCSF standards of care please refer to UCSF <u>Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)*</u> <u>Guidelines**</u> <u>Policies***</u> <u>and IACUC Office Fact Sheets****</u>	Animals subjected to procedures that cause no pain or distress, or only momentary or slight pain or distress and do not require the use of pain- relieving drugs***** no clinical or health issues	Animals subjected to potentially painful or stressful procedures for which they receive appropriate anesthetics, analgesics and/or tranquilizer drugs [or nonpharmaceutical methods of relief]	Animals subjected to potentially painful or stressful procedures that are not relieved with anesthetics, analgesics and/or tranquilizer drugs [or nonpharmaceutical methods of relief] . Withholding anesthesia/analgesia [or other form of relief] must be scientifically justified in writing and approved by the IACUC
Husbandry Activities			
Most basic husbandry activies such as breeding, holding, weighing, observations, ear notching/punching, injectable microchipping, point or automated tattooing, tail snips in mice ≤ 21 days old	x		
Drug administration and blood/fluid collections			
Most basic injections or oral administrations and blood or fluid collection techniques that incur none or only momentary pain/distress or restraint (manual or anesthetic) performed per approved UCSF SOP*	x		
Retro-orbital injection and/or blood collection		x	
Hydrodynamic delivery in anesthestized mice		х	x (if no anesthesia)
Behavioral Assays and Tests			
Non-invasive or low-impact tests such as voluntary locomotor, cognitive, and/or emotional tests (eg. open field, rotarod, spatial mazes, place, social, or food/fluid preference tests, elevated mazes).	x		
Minimally invasive, escapable, or predictable aversive tests: passive avoidance with escapable shock, allodynia/hyperalgesia tests (e.g. hot plate, tail flick, Von Frey), Morris Water Maze, fear conditioning with escapable or predictable shocks	x		
Forced or inescapable aversive stimuli testing (eg. tail suspension, forced swim, fear conditioning with inescapable or unpredictable shocks, sleep deprivation, resident/intruder assays, chronic unpredictable mild stress, forced excercise)			x
Euthanasia			
Euthanasia followed by postmortem physical verification (per UCSF Policy***)	х		
Surgery			
Non-survival surgeries (including perfusions), major or minor survival surgeries with potential pain/distress treated with vet-reccommended intra- and post- operative analgesia		x	
Major or minor survival surgeries, as described above, where potential pain/distress is <u>NOT</u> treated per vet-reccommendation			x
Induced disease models			
Genetically engineered and/or chemically and/or surgically induced models with no clinical phenotype and/or a phentotype that does not cause pain and/or distress	x		
Genetically engineered and/or chemically and/or surgically induced phenotype that causes pain or distress (eg. Hindlimb ischemia, EAE, stroke, LPS, bleomycin) that will NOT be alleviated at first appearance of pain and/or distress (eg. hunched posture, BCS = or < than 2).			x

USDA Category	С	D	E
For more details on UCSF standards of care please refer to UCSF <u>Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)*</u> <u>Guidelines**</u> <u>Policies***</u> <u>and IACUC Office Fact Sheets****</u>	Animals subjected to procedures that cause no pain or distress, or only momentary or slight pain or distress and do not require the use of pain- relieving drugs***** no clinical or health issues	Animals subjected to potentially painful or stressful procedures for which they receive appropriate anesthetics, analgesics and/or tranquilizer drugs [or nonpharmaceutical methods of relief]	Animals subjected to potentially painful or stressful procedures that are not relieved with anesthetics, analgesics and/or tranquilizer drugs [or nonpharmaceutical methods of relief]. Withholding anesthesia/analgesia [or other form of relief] must be scientifically justified in writing and approved by the IACUC
Genetically engineered and/or chemically and/or surgically induced phenotype that causes pain and/or distress (eg. Hindlimb ischemia, EAE, stroke, LPS, bleomycin) that <u>IS</u> alleviated at first appearance of pain and/or distress (eg. hunched posture, BCS = or < than 2).		x	
Behavioral models of depression or anxiety induced by aversive stimuli (eg. Environmental or social)			x
Tumors			
non-surgically induced or spontaneous tumors within UCSF guideline** endpoints (depending on the model)	х	х	
induced or spontaneous tumors >2cm in any direction, ulceration, or models affecting normal function or causing unaleviated pain or distress			x
Environmental factors			
Environmental conditions outside of the standard of care		x	x (extreme models (eg. hypoxia, cold))
Absence of environmental enrichment (based on duration and model as described in the Environmental Enrichment and Social Housing Policy***		х	x
Momentary restraint	х		
Prolonged restraint within parameters described in IACUC office Fact Sheet**** (eg. duration, acclimation, criteria for removal)		х	
Food regulation			
meeting criteria of standard of care (per SOP*)	x		
outside of standard of care (per SOP*)			x
Fluid regulation			
meeting criteria of standard of care (per SOP*)	х		
outside of standard of care (per SOP*)			х